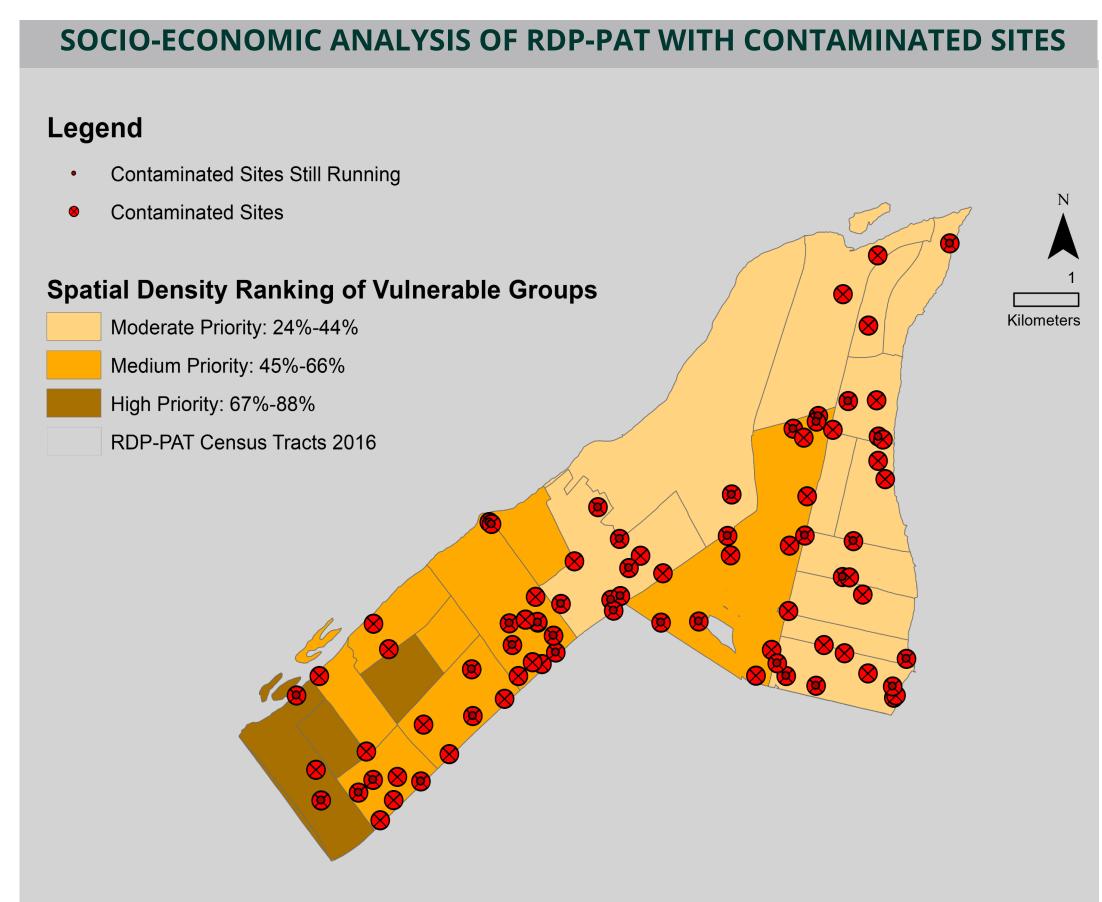


OUR PROJECT

The essence of our project is to conserve and enhance biodiversity using bioremediation methods. Assessed from a meta-analysis between biodiversity indicators and socio-economic vulnerabilities, our project's objective is to revive unused and historically contaminated areas. The potential benefits of decontamination can cleanse the environment and create a new space for both active and passive recreational activities. In turn, the social dynamics with the surrounding community can benefit in physical health, psychological well-being, community identity and opportunities for economic vitality.



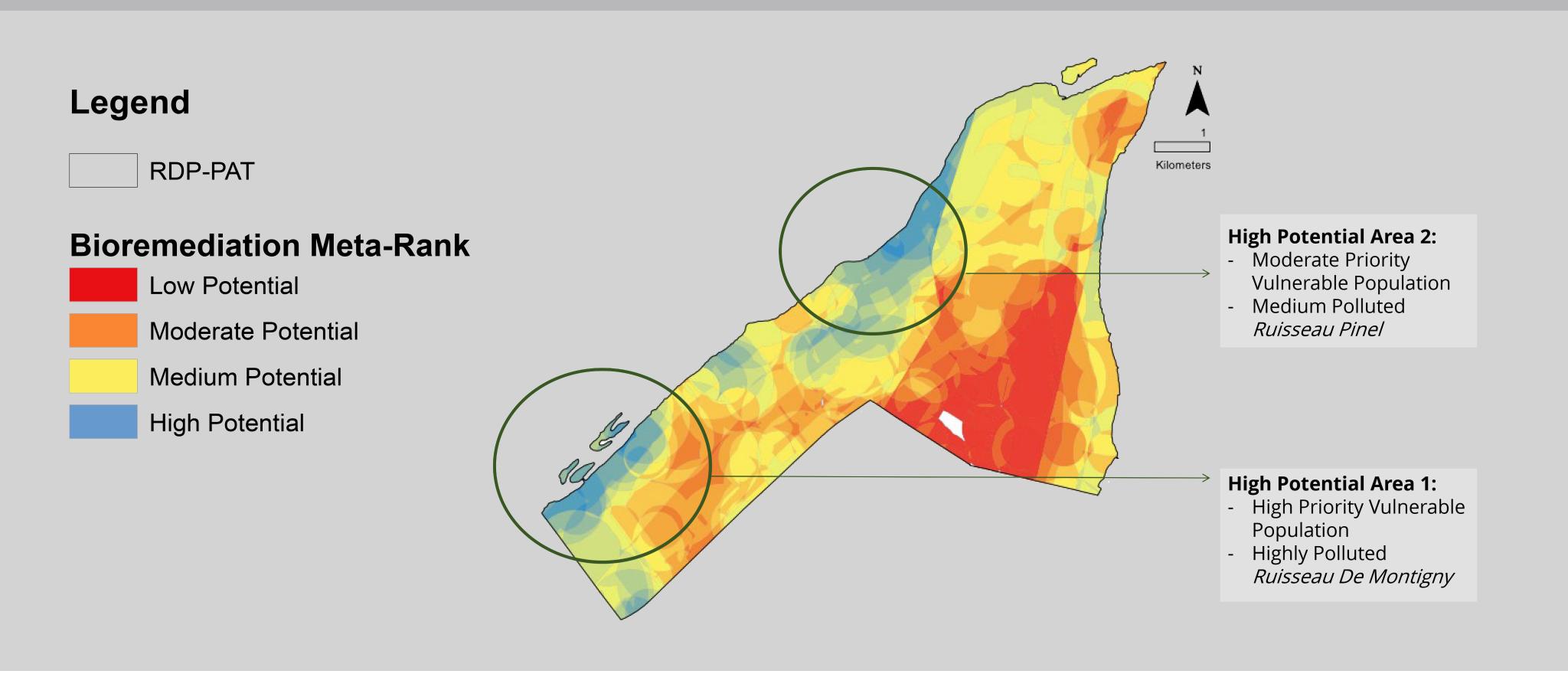
OUR GOAL

Historically, RDP-PAT has been subjected to hazardous industrial activities. This has left a large portion of the municipality and consequently, its population to bear the environmental costs of biodiversity degradation, poor water quality and soil contamination. Through bioremediation, our goal is to enhance the quality of life for RDP-PAT's most vulnerable groups, creating health equities. By addressing the lack of biodiversity within the RDP-PAT, the solution of enhancing "High Potential" sites through bioremediation will subsequently solve the socio-economic gap and health disparities between income groups.

THE POST-INDUSTRIAL URBAN PARK

Enhancing Biodiversity for Vulnerable Populations in Rivière-des-Prairies-Pointe-aux-Trembles

META-ANALYSIS FOR BIOREMEDIATION EXPANSION IN RDP-PAT



CASE STUDIES

Sherbourne Common, **Toronto**

- Transformation of an industrial site to a public green space through design
- Inclusion of water treatment facility
- Access to the public

Don Valley Brick Works, **Toronto**

- Revitalization of a former quarry
- Economic & environmental benefits through revitalization
- Revitalization includes landscape restoration, re-naturalization, wetland- re-establishment and adaptive management

POSSIBLE BENEFITS WITH BIOREMEDIATION OF RDP-PAT:

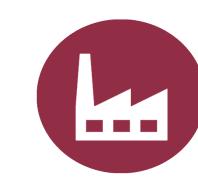
- Creates a major wildlife corridor
- Improve the water and air quality
- Major corridor and habitat that the wildlife can inhabit

Socioeconomic benefits of bioremediation:

- Access to new and improved green spaces
- Reducing health risks and respiratory problems









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Sources: Montreal Open Data Portal, Concordia GIS Lab, Qualo, Montreal Master Plan, WHO Contaminated Sites and Health 2012 Report, A Post-Industrial Landscape: The use of bioremediation in the creation of urban park space by Lindsey Tabor